

Overview

X is...

Discrete

Discrete

Continuous

Y is...

Discrete

Continuous

Continuous

Use...

Overview

X is...

Y is...

Use...

Discrete

Discrete

χ^2 and then
Gamma / RR / OR

Discrete

Continuous

ANOVA

Continuous

Continuous

Regression ,
Correlation

Example #1

Do the populations of people who live in cities, in the suburbs, and in rural areas have a different numbers of pets? (use $\alpha=0.05$)

To find out, I randomly sampled 5 urban residents, 5 suburban residents, and 5 rural residents; I asked each person how many pets they have.

(Note: Treat “number of pets” as continuous)

Example #1

For urban residents:

① 0 1 1 0 0 (Avg = 0.4; s = 0.548)

For suburban residents:

② 2 1 1 2 1 (Avg = 1.4 ;s = 0.548)

For rural residents:

③ 2 2 3 1 2 (Avg = 2.0; s = 0.707)

$$SS_{\text{Between}} = 6.533 ; SS_{\text{Within}} = 4.400$$

Example #1

Hypotheses:

$$H_0: \mu_{\text{urban}} = \mu_{\text{suburban}} = \mu_{\text{rural}}$$

H_a : Not all $\mu_{\text{urban}}, \mu_{\text{suburban}}, \mu_{\text{rural}}$ are equal

$N = \text{Sample Size}$

$J = \# \text{ of Categories of } \alpha$

Assumptions:

Temporarily waved for this example...

Confidence Level: $\alpha=0.05$

Critical Value:

Critical value for $F_{2,12}$ when $\alpha=0.05$ is 3.89

(Reject H_0 if $F > 3.89$)

$F_{N, n-1}$
 $F_{J-1, N-J}$
 $F_{2, 12}$

($\alpha=0.05$)

NUMERATOR Degrees of Freedom

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 100 | 200 | ∞ |
|----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| 1 | 161.45 | 199.50 | 215.71 | 224.58 | 230.16 | 233.99 | 236.77 | 238.88 | 240.54 | 241.88 | 245.95 | 248.01 | 250.10 | 251.14 | 251.77 | 253.04 | 253.68 | 254.31 |
| 2 | 18.51 | 19.00 | 19.16 | 19.25 | 19.30 | 19.33 | 19.35 | 19.37 | 19.38 | 19.40 | 19.43 | 19.45 | 19.46 | 19.47 | 19.48 | 19.49 | 19.49 | 19.50 |
| 3 | 10.13 | 9.55 | 9.28 | 9.12 | 9.01 | 8.94 | 8.89 | 8.85 | 8.81 | 8.79 | 8.70 | 8.66 | 8.62 | 8.59 | 8.58 | 8.55 | 8.54 | 8.53 |
| 4 | 7.71 | 6.94 | 6.59 | 6.39 | 6.26 | 6.16 | 6.09 | 6.04 | 6.00 | 5.96 | 5.86 | 5.80 | 5.75 | 5.72 | 5.70 | 5.66 | 5.65 | 5.63 |
| 5 | 6.61 | 5.79 | 5.41 | 5.19 | 5.05 | 4.95 | 4.88 | 4.82 | 4.77 | 4.74 | 4.62 | 4.56 | 4.50 | 4.46 | 4.44 | 4.41 | 4.39 | 4.36 |
| 6 | 5.99 | 5.14 | 4.76 | 4.53 | 4.39 | 4.28 | 4.21 | 4.15 | 4.10 | 4.06 | 3.94 | 3.87 | 3.81 | 3.77 | 3.75 | 3.71 | 3.69 | 3.67 |
| 7 | 5.59 | 4.74 | 4.35 | 4.12 | 3.97 | 3.87 | 3.79 | 3.73 | 3.68 | 3.64 | 3.51 | 3.44 | 3.38 | 3.34 | 3.32 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.23 |
| 8 | 5.32 | 4.46 | 4.07 | 3.84 | 3.69 | 3.58 | 3.50 | 3.44 | 3.39 | 3.35 | 3.22 | 3.15 | 3.08 | 3.04 | 3.02 | 2.97 | 2.95 | 2.93 |
| 9 | 5.12 | 4.26 | 3.86 | 3.63 | 3.48 | 3.37 | 3.29 | 3.23 | 3.18 | 3.14 | 3.01 | 2.94 | 2.86 | 2.83 | 2.80 | 2.76 | 2.73 | 2.71 |
| 10 | 4.96 | 4.10 | 3.71 | 3.48 | 3.33 | 3.22 | 3.14 | 3.07 | 3.02 | 2.98 | 2.85 | 2.77 | 2.70 | 2.66 | 2.64 | 2.59 | 2.56 | 2.54 |
| 11 | 4.84 | 3.99 | 3.59 | 3.36 | 3.20 | 3.09 | 3.01 | 2.95 | 2.90 | 2.85 | 2.72 | 2.65 | 2.57 | 2.53 | 2.51 | 2.46 | 2.43 | 2.40 |
| 12 | 4.75 | 3.89 | 3.49 | 3.26 | 3.11 | 3.00 | 2.91 | 2.85 | 2.80 | 2.75 | 2.62 | 2.54 | 2.47 | 2.43 | 2.40 | 2.35 | 2.32 | 2.30 |
| 13 | 4.67 | 3.81 | 3.41 | 3.18 | 3.03 | 2.92 | 2.83 | 2.77 | 2.71 | 2.67 | 2.53 | 2.46 | 2.38 | 2.34 | 2.31 | 2.26 | 2.23 | 2.21 |
| 14 | 4.60 | 3.74 | 3.34 | 3.11 | 2.96 | 2.85 | 2.76 | 2.70 | 2.65 | 2.60 | 2.46 | 2.39 | 2.31 | 2.27 | 2.24 | 2.19 | 2.16 | 2.13 |
| 15 | 4.54 | 3.68 | 3.29 | 3.06 | 2.90 | 2.79 | 2.71 | 2.64 | 2.59 | 2.54 | 2.40 | 2.33 | 2.25 | 2.20 | 2.18 | 2.12 | 2.10 | 2.07 |
| 16 | 4.49 | 3.63 | 3.24 | 3.01 | 2.85 | 2.74 | 2.66 | 2.59 | 2.54 | 2.49 | 2.35 | 2.28 | 2.19 | 2.15 | 2.12 | 2.07 | 2.04 | 2.01 |
| 17 | 4.45 | 3.59 | 3.20 | 2.96 | 2.81 | 2.70 | 2.61 | 2.55 | 2.49 | 2.45 | 2.31 | 2.23 | 2.15 | 2.10 | 2.08 | 2.02 | 1.99 | 1.96 |
| 18 | 4.41 | 3.55 | 3.16 | 2.93 | 2.77 | 2.66 | 2.58 | 2.51 | 2.46 | 2.41 | 2.27 | 2.19 | 2.11 | 2.06 | 2.04 | 1.98 | 1.95 | 1.92 |
| 19 | 4.38 | 3.52 | 3.13 | 2.90 | 2.74 | 2.63 | 2.54 | 2.48 | 2.42 | 2.38 | 2.23 | 2.16 | 2.07 | 2.03 | 2.00 | 1.94 | 1.91 | 1.88 |
| 20 | 4.35 | 3.49 | 3.10 | 2.87 | 2.71 | 2.60 | 2.51 | 2.45 | 2.39 | 2.35 | 2.20 | 2.12 | 2.04 | 1.99 | 1.97 | 1.91 | 1.88 | 1.84 |
| 21 | 4.32 | 3.47 | 3.07 | 2.84 | 2.68 | 2.57 | 2.49 | 2.42 | 2.37 | 2.32 | 2.18 | 2.10 | 2.01 | 1.96 | 1.94 | 1.88 | 1.84 | 1.81 |
| 22 | 4.30 | 3.44 | 3.05 | 2.82 | 2.66 | 2.55 | 2.46 | 2.40 | 2.34 | 2.30 | 2.15 | 2.07 | 1.98 | 1.94 | 1.91 | 1.85 | 1.82 | 1.78 |
| 23 | 4.28 | 3.42 | 3.03 | 2.80 | 2.64 | 2.53 | 2.44 | 2.37 | 2.32 | 2.27 | 2.13 | 2.05 | 1.96 | 1.91 | 1.88 | 1.82 | 1.79 | 1.76 |
| 24 | 4.26 | 3.40 | 3.01 | 2.78 | 2.62 | 2.51 | 2.42 | 2.36 | 2.30 | 2.25 | 2.11 | 2.03 | 1.94 | 1.89 | 1.86 | 1.80 | 1.77 | 1.73 |
| 25 | 4.24 | 3.39 | 2.99 | 2.76 | 2.60 | 2.49 | 2.40 | 2.34 | 2.28 | 2.24 | 2.09 | 2.01 | 1.92 | 1.87 | 1.84 | 1.78 | 1.75 | 1.71 |
| 26 | 4.23 | 3.37 | 2.98 | 2.74 | 2.59 | 2.47 | 2.39 | 2.32 | 2.27 | 2.22 | 2.07 | 1.99 | 1.90 | 1.85 | 1.82 | 1.76 | 1.73 | 1.69 |
| 27 | 4.21 | 3.35 | 2.96 | 2.73 | 2.57 | 2.46 | 2.37 | 2.31 | 2.25 | 2.20 | 2.06 | 1.97 | 1.88 | 1.84 | 1.81 | 1.74 | 1.71 | 1.67 |
| 28 | 4.20 | 3.34 | 2.95 | 2.71 | 2.56 | 2.45 | 2.36 | 2.30 | 2.24 | 2.19 | 2.04 | 1.96 | 1.87 | 1.82 | 1.79 | 1.73 | 1.70 | 1.66 |

DENOMINATOR Degrees of Freedom

Example #1

$$F = \frac{SS_{\text{Between}} / (J - 1)}{SS_{\text{Within}} / (n - J)} = \frac{MS_{\text{Between}}}{MS_{\text{Within}}}$$

$$F = \frac{SS_{\text{Between}} / (J - 1)}{SS_{\text{Within}} / (n - J)} = \frac{6.533 / 2}{4.70 / 12} = 8.9$$

Example #1

$$F = \frac{SS_{\text{Between}}/(J - 1)}{SS_{\text{Within}}/(n - J)} = \frac{MS_{\text{Between}}}{MS_{\text{Within}}}$$

$$F = \frac{SS_{\text{Between}}/(J - 1)}{SS_{\text{Within}}/(n - J)} = \frac{6.533/2}{4.400/12} = \frac{3.267}{0.367} = 8.902$$

Reject H_0

Example #2

Political Party

| | | Democrat | Republican | Total |
|---|---------------|----------|------------|--------|
| Favor or Oppose CAPITAL PUNISHMENT for Murder? | Favor | 13,828 | 12,328 | 26,156 |
| | Oppose | 7,118 | 2,676 | 9,794 |
| | <i>Total</i> | 20,946 | 15,004 | 35,950 |

Source: 1972-2008 General Social Survey.

Note that "independents" and members of "other parties" are omitted.

1. Is there a statistically significant association between these two variables in the population?
2. Use relative risk and odds ratio to describe the strength and direction of the association

$$\chi^2 = \sum \frac{Exp - Obs^2}{Exp}$$

Example #2

Political Party

**Favor or Oppose
CAPITAL PUNISHMENT
for Murder?**

| | Democrat | Republican | Total |
|--------|----------|------------|--------|
| Favor | 13,828 | 12,328 | 26,156 |
| Oppose | 7,118 | 2,676 | 9,794 |
| Total | 20,946 | 15,004 | 35,950 |

Note: The table contains handwritten red annotations. A box is drawn around the Favor and Oppose rows. A vertical line is drawn between the Democrat and Republican columns. The value 15,240 is written in the Favor row, and a red arrow points from this value to the Oppose row. Underlines are present under the total values 15,004 and 35,950.

Source: 1972-2008 General Social Survey.

Note that "independents" and members of "other parties" are omitted.

$$Exp = \frac{\#R \cdot \#C}{N} = \frac{26,156 \cdot 20,946}{35,950} = 15,240$$

Example #2

Political Party

| | Democrat | Republican | <i>Total</i> |
|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Favor | 13,828 E.V.=15,240 | 12,328 E.V.=10,916 | 26,156 |
| Oppose | 7,118 E.V.=5,706 | 2,676 E.V.=4,088 | 9,794 |
| <i>Total</i> | 20,946 | 15,004 | 35,950 |

**Favor or Oppose
CAPITAL PUNISHMENT
for Murder?**

Source: 1972-2008 General Social Survey.
Note that "independents" and members of "other parties" are omitted.

Example #2

Political Party

| | | Democrat | Republican | Total |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Favor or Oppose CAPITAL PUNISHMENT for Murder? | Favor | 13,828 E.V.=15,240 | 12,328 E.V.=10,916 | 26,156 |
| | Oppose | 7,118 E.V.=5,706 | 2,676 E.V.=4,088 | 9,794 |
| Total | | 20,946 | 15,004 | 35,950 |

Source: 1972-2008 General Social Survey.

Note that "independents" and members of "other parties" are omitted.

$$\chi^2 = \sum \frac{(E - O)^2}{E} = \frac{(15,240 - 13,828)^2}{15,240} + \frac{(\quad)^2}{\quad} + \frac{(\quad)^2}{\quad}$$

$$= 1,149.95$$

Example #2

Political Party

**Favor or Oppose
CAPITAL PUNISHMENT
for Murder?**

| | Democrat | Republican | Total |
|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Favor | 13,828 E.V.=15,240 | 12,328 E.V.=10,916 | 26,156 |
| Oppose | 7,118 E.V.=5,706 | 2,676 E.V.=4,088 | 9,794 |
| Total | 20,946 | 15,004 | 35,950 |

Source: 1972-2008 General Social Survey.

Note that "independents" and members of "other parties" are omitted.

$$\chi^2 = \left(\frac{(13,828 - 15,240)^2}{15,240} \right) + \left(\frac{(12,328 - 10,916)^2}{10,916} \right) + \left(\frac{(7,118 - 5,706)^2}{5,706} \right) + \left(\frac{(2,676 - 4,088)^2}{4,088} \right) = 1,149.95$$

C.U.
df = (R-1)(C-1)
= (1)(1)

Example #2

Political Party

**Favor or Oppose
CAPITAL PUNISHMENT
for Murder?**

| | Democrat | Republican | Total |
|--------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|
| Favor | 13,828 <i>a</i> | 12,328 <i>b</i> | 26,156 |
| Oppose | 7,118 <i>c</i> | 2,676 <i>d</i> | 9,794 |
| Total | 20,946 | 15,004 | 35,950 |

Source: 1972-2008 General Social Survey.

Note that "independents" and members of "other parties" are omitted.

$$OR = \frac{b/d}{a/c} = \frac{12,328/2,676}{13,828/7,118} = 2.37$$

0.4

$$RR = \frac{b/(b+d)}{a/(a+c)} = \frac{12,328/(12,328+2,676)}{13,828/(13,828+7,118)} = 1.24$$

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Example #3



Find the correlation between the number of murders in Minneapolis and St Paul between 2006 and 2010

| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | Mean | SD |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Minn. | 60 | 47 | 41 | 20 | 40 | 41.6 | 14.47 |
| St Paul | 17 | 14 | 18 | 15 | 17 | 16.2 | 1.64 |

Example #3

$n = 5$

| | M | M | M | M | M | Mean | SD |
|---------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | | |
| Minn. | 60 | 47 | 41 | 20 | 40 | <u>41.6</u> | <u>14.47</u> |
| St Paul | 17 | 14 | 18 | 15 | 17 | <u>16.2</u> | <u>1.64</u> |

$$\left(\frac{60 - 41.6}{14.47} \right) \left(\frac{17 - 16.2}{1.64} \right) + \left(\frac{47 - 41.6}{14.47} \right) \left(\frac{14 - 16.2}{1.64} \right) +$$

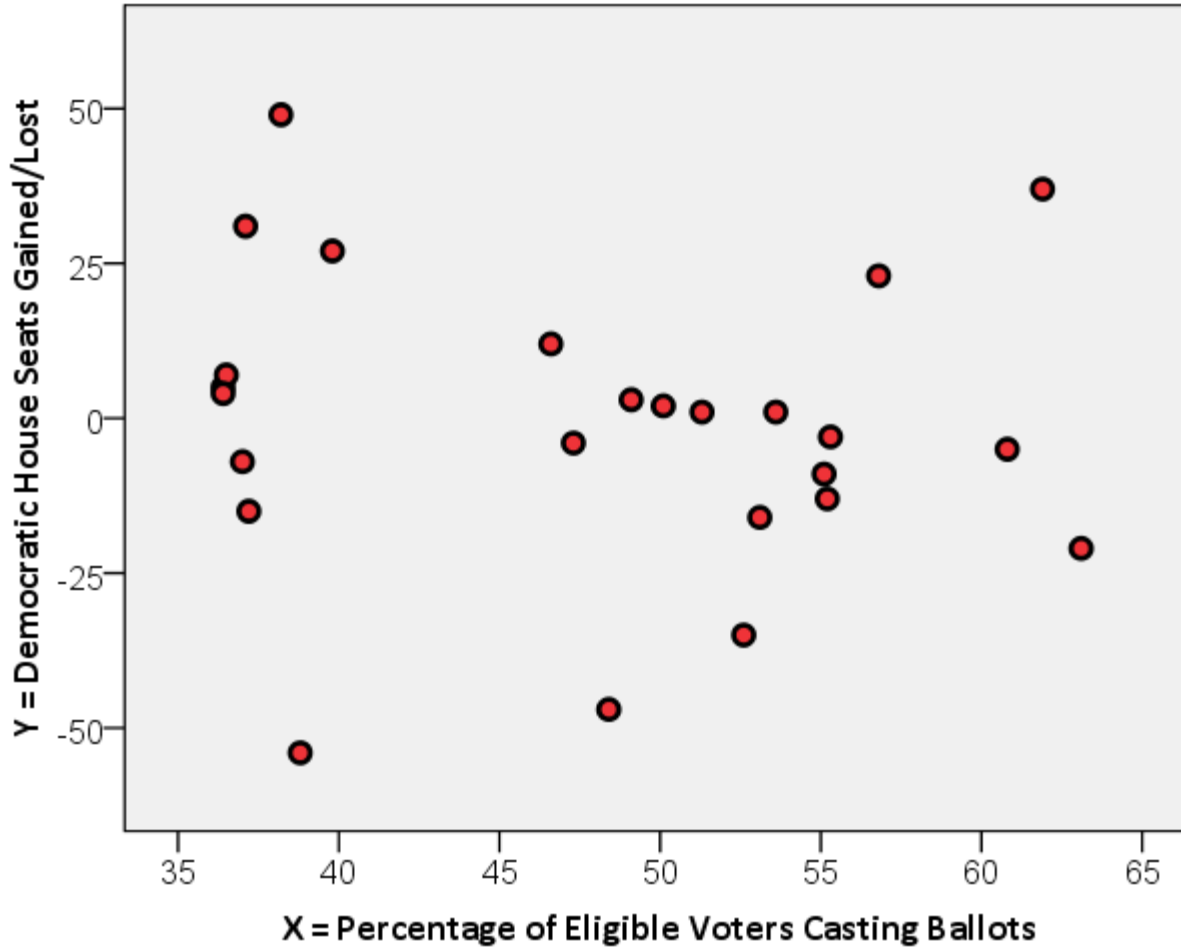
$= .2776$

$$r_{YX} = \left(\frac{1}{N-1} \right) \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\frac{X_i - \bar{X}}{s_x} \right) \left(\frac{Y_i - \bar{Y}}{s_y} \right)$$

Example #3

$$r_{YX} = \left(\frac{1}{N-1} \right) \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\frac{X_i - \bar{X}}{s_x} \right) \left(\frac{Y_i - \bar{Y}}{s_y} \right)$$
$$r_{YX} = \left(\frac{1}{5-1} \right) \left[\left(\frac{60-41.6}{14.47} \right) \left(\frac{17-16.2}{1.64} \right) + \left(\frac{47-41.6}{14.47} \right) \left(\frac{14-16.2}{1.64} \right) + \right. \\ \left. \left(\frac{41-41.6}{14.47} \right) \left(\frac{18-16.2}{1.64} \right) + \left(\frac{20-41.6}{14.47} \right) \left(\frac{15-16.2}{1.64} \right) + \right. \\ \left. \left(\frac{40-41.6}{14.47} \right) \left(\frac{17-16.2}{1.64} \right) + \right]$$
$$r_{YX} = (0.25)(0.6192 - 0.4997 - 0.0454 + 1.0904 - 0.0538)$$
$$r_{YX} = \mathbf{0.2776}$$

Example #4

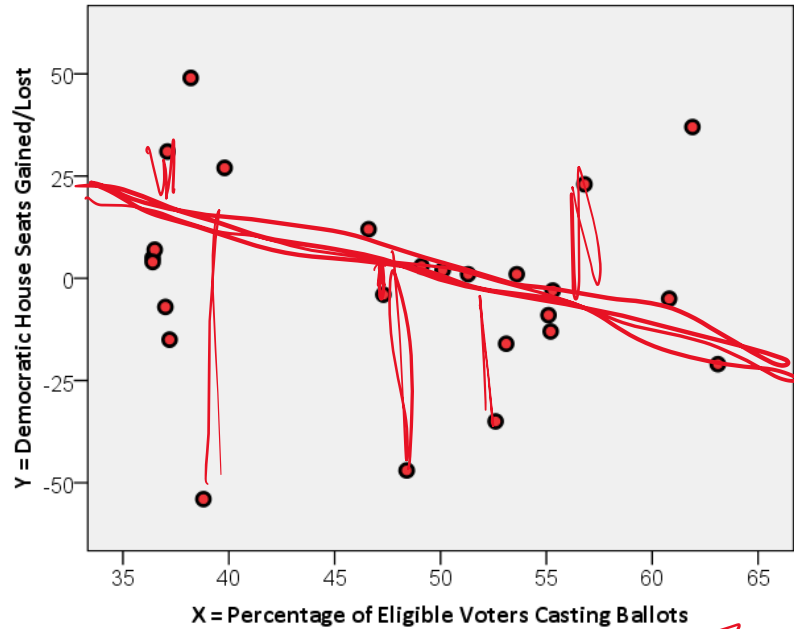


U.S. House Seats Gained or Lost (Y), by Voter Turnout (X), 1960-2008

| | Mean | SD |
|---|-------------------|--------|
| X | <u>47.908</u> | 8.947 |
| Y | -1.080 | 24.005 |
| | $r_{XY} = -0.115$ | n=25 |

1. Compute the least squares regression line relating Y to X
2. How much of the variation in Y is explained by X?

Example #4



U.S. House Seats Gained or Lost (Y), by Voter Turnout (X), 1960-2008

| | Mean | SD |
|---|--------|--------|
| X | 47.908 | 8.947 |
| Y | -1.080 | 24.005 |

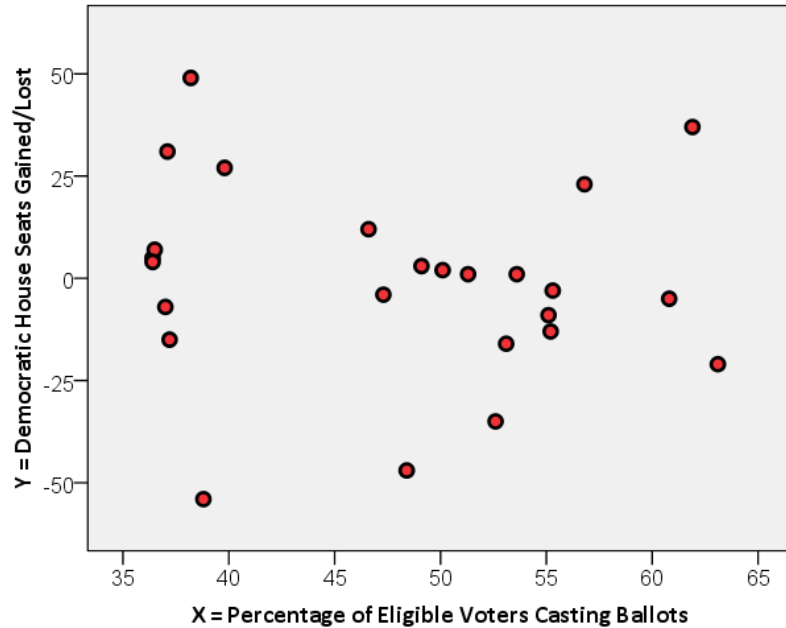
$r_{XY} = -0.115$ $n=25$

$$b_{YX} = r_{YX} \frac{S_Y}{S_X} = -0.115 \frac{24.005}{8.947} = -0.31$$

$$a = \bar{Y} - b\bar{X} = -1.08 + (.31)(47.908) = 13.77$$

$$R^2 = -0.115^2 = .013$$

Example #4



U.S. House Seats Gained or Lost (Y), by Voter Turnout (X), 1960-2008

| | Mean | SD |
|---|--------|--------|
| X | 47.908 | 8.947 |
| Y | -1.080 | 24.005 |

$$r_{XY} = -0.115 \quad n=25$$

$$b_{YX} = r_{YX} \frac{s_Y}{s_X} = -0.115 \frac{24.005}{8.947} = -0.31$$

$$a = \bar{Y} - b\bar{X} = -1.080 + (0.31)(47.908) = 13.77$$

$$R^2 = -0.115^2 = 0.013$$

Example #5

| | Mean | SD | |
|----------|------|-----|---------------|
| X | 2.5 | 1.0 | N=200 |
| Y | 1.0 | 0.5 | $r_{YX}=0.20$ |

1. Compute least squares regression line
2. Test hypothesis that $\rho^2=0$
3. Test hypothesis that $\rho=0$
4. Test hypothesis that $\beta=0$
5. Use $\alpha=0.05$ throughout
6. Interpret!

$\hat{y} = a + bX$
 R^2

Example #5

| | Mean | SD | |
|----------|------|-----|---------------|
| X | 2.5 | 1.0 | N=200 |
| Y | 1.0 | 0.5 | $r_{YX}=0.20$ |

$$\rightarrow b_{YX} = r_{YX} \frac{s_Y}{s_X} = 0.20 \frac{0.5}{1.0} = 0.1$$

$$\rightarrow a = \bar{Y} - b\bar{X} = 1.0 - (0.1)(2.5) = 0.75$$

$$\rightarrow R^2 = 0.20^2 = 0.04$$

Example #5

$F_{\text{num}, \text{DENOM}}$
 $1, N-2$
 $F_{1, 198}$

| | Mean | SD | |
|---|------|-----|---------------|
| X | 2.5 | 1.0 | $N=200$ |
| Y | 1.0 | 0.5 | $r_{YX}=0.20$ |

$$H_0: \rho^2_{YX} = 0 ; H_1: \rho^2_{YX} > 0 ; \alpha=0.05 ; F^*_{1,199} = 3.84$$

$$SS_{\text{TOTAL}} = (s_Y^2)(N - 1) = (0.5^2)(199) = 49.75$$

$$SS_{\text{REGRESSION}} = (R^2_{YX})(SS_{\text{TOTAL}}) = (0.20^2)(49.75) = 1.99$$

$$SS_{\text{ERROR}} = SS_{\text{TOTAL}} - SS_{\text{REGRESSION}} = 49.75 - 1.99 = 47.76$$

$$F_{1, N-2} = \frac{SS_{\text{REGRESSION}}/1}{SS_{\text{ERROR}}/N - 2} = \frac{1.99/1}{47.76/198} = 8.25$$

Reject H_0

Correlation

Example #5

| | Mean | SD | |
|----------|------|-----|---------------|
| X | 2.5 | 1.0 | N=200 |
| Y | 1.0 | 0.5 | $r_{YX}=0.20$ |

$H_0: \rho_{YX} = 0$; $H_1: \rho_{YX} \neq 0$; $\alpha=0.05$; $Z^*=1.96$

$$Z_r = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \ln \left(\frac{1 + r_{YX}}{1 - r_{YX}}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \ln \left(\frac{1 + 0.20}{1 - 0.20}\right) = 0.202$$

$$Z = \frac{Z_r - 0}{\sqrt{1/N - 3}} = \frac{0.202 - 0}{\sqrt{1/197}} = 2.84$$

Reject H_0

Slope

Example #5

| | Mean | SD | |
|----------|------|-----|---------------|
| X | 2.5 | 1.0 | N=200 |
| Y | 1.0 | 0.5 | $r_{YX}=0.20$ |

$H_0: \beta_{YX} = 0$; $H_1: \beta_{YX} \neq 0$; $\alpha=0.05$; $t^*_{198}=1.97$

$$t_{N-2} = \frac{b_{YX}-0}{s_b} = \frac{b_{YX}-0}{\sqrt{\frac{MS_{ERROR}}{(s_X^2)(N-1)}}} = \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{\frac{47.76/198}{(1^2)(199)}}} = 2.87$$

Reject H_0